

Study Guides French 101/102

FRENCH 101

1. Irregular verbs such as *être, avoir, aller, devoir, faire, lire, dire, écrire, nettoyer, envoyer, voir*
2. Regular « -er » verbs
3. Pronominal verbs
4. Passé composé of all verbs above
5. Adjective agreement and placement
6. Responding to questions related to greetings, physical well-being, describing oneself or others, clothing, colors, family members, daily activities, leisure activities
7. Reading comprehension

FRENCH 102

1. All three groups of regular verbs and irregular verb conjugations for the tenses: ***présent, passé composé, imparfait, conditionnel and futur***
2. Regular and irregular verb conjugation for the **subjunctif** mood
3. Irregular verbs: ***être, avoir, faire, aller, savoir, connaître, prendre, venir, devoir, pouvoir, vouloir, sortir, partir, envoyer, voir, mettre***
4. Comparatives and superlatives
5. Interrogative pronouns
6. Relative pronouns
7. Ordinal numbers
8. Direct and indirect object pronouns (including “y” and “en”)
9. Prepositions used for going to and from countries and cities
10. Negative sentences: not, nothing, never, no longer, no one, not yet

Vocabulary and expressions related to the following topics:

- University studies
- Dining, restaurants
- Body parts, illness
- Traveling, hotels, travel by car, travel by train
- Houses, rooms, furniture
- Seasons
- Shopping, stores
- Jobs, work, professions

Study Guides French 201/202

FRENCH 201

- I. Be able to conjugate the three regular verb groups and a variety of irregular verbs (être, avoir, aller, faire, devoir, pronominal verbs, écrire/lire, “-yer” verbs such as “appuyer”, verbs with accent mark or spelling changes such as “acheter” and “répéter”, décevoir, connaître, savoir, sortir, partir, and other) in the various tenses.
 - a. Present tense
 - b. Compound past tense (*passé composé*)
 - c. Imperfect
 - d. Pluperfect
 - e. Futur
- II. Be able to decide which verb to use in the past, i.e. the *passé composé* or *imparfait*
- III. Be able to conjugate the subjunctive mood and know when it should be used
- IV. Translation involving various tenses, use of pronouns (subject, object, stress, relative, interrogative, reflexives), comparatives and superlatives, special expressions (venir de, manquer, faire causatif and other faire expressions, devoir, il y a.... que/ ça fait...que, etc.)
- V. There will be a reading passage with questions to answer about the text.
- VI. There will be an audio excerpt and questions to answer about what you hear.

Important Information

- 1) The student should be prepared to read & comprehend a passage written in French and answer several questions in proper standard French related to the passage.
- 2) The student will be asked to listen to a spoken passage in French from a CD provided by the college from which the student will answer questions related to the passage.
- 3) The Exemption Exam is not completed until the oral section of the exam is completed with the French instructor. The student is responsible for scheduling this section of the exam with the instructor in a timely manner. If the oral section is not completed within 48 hours of taking the exam, then those points that have been assigned to that section will be subtracted from the overall score on the exam.

FRENCH 202

- I. Verb Tenses
 - a. Futur
 - b. Futur Antérieur
 - c. Conditionnel
 - d. Passé Simple

- II. Pronouns
 - a. Pronoms relatifs
 - b. Pronoms interrogatifs
 - c. Pronoms démonstratifs
 - d. Pronoms possessifs

- III. Negatives

- IV. Present participles

- V. Passive Voice

- VI. Verbs requiring “à,” “de,” or nothing before an infinitive

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